PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Artcle 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference				$\overline{}$		
PCA40636/SCP	FOR FURTHER ACT	ΓΙΟΝ	See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No.	International filing date(a	lay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/KR2004/002037	13 AUGUST 2004	(13.08.2004)	13 AUGUST 2003 (13.08.2003)			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification a	and IPC				
IPC7 C09D 5/24						
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Applicant						
LUVANTIX CO., LTD. et al						
This report is the international pr Authority under Article 35 and tr			International Preliminary Examining			
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of5 sheets,	including this cover sl	neet.			
3. This report is also accompanied	by ANNEXES, comprising	:				
	d to the International Burea					
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the						
Administrative In	•	hich this Authority cor	siders contain an amendment that goes			
beyond the discle	osure in the international ar	plication as filed, as in	dicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the	,		
Supplemental Bo	ox.					
	al Bureau only) a total of (in		er of electronic carrier(s)) rm only, as indicated in the Supplement	, ental		
	ce Listing (see Section 802)			itai		
4. This report contains indications r	_	ns:				
Box No. I Basis of the	e report					
Box No. II Priority						
Box No. III Non-establ	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention						
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement						
Box No. VI Certain documents cited						
Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application						
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application						
Date of submission of the demand		Data of a selection of	CAL:			
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of	tinis report			
10 JUNE 2005 (10	0 06 2005)	09 DECEMI	BER 2005 (09.12.2005)			
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Name and mailing address of the IPEA	/KR	Authorized officer				
Korean Intellectual Property Office		1.3dioi2ed officer	A les	P GEEN		
920 Dunsan-dong, Seo-gu, Republic of Korea	, Daejeon 302-701,	LEE, Sun Kuk	(A 144			
Facsimile No. 82-42-472-7140		Telephone No. 82-4	2-481-5587			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/KR2004/002037

Box No.	o. I Basis of the report	
	ith regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the lar	
	This report is based on translations from the original language into the following la	nguage
	which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:	
	international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))	
	publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)	
	international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	
to th	th regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replace the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this reveal to this report): the international application as originally filed/furnished	ement sheets which have been furnished eort as "originally filed" and are not
	the description:	
	pages 1-18	as originally filed/furnished
	pages* received by this Authority on pages* received by this Authority on	······································
	pages received by this Authority on	
\boxtimes	the claims:	
	pages	as originally filed/furnished
	pages* as amended (together pages* received by this Authority on	er with any statment) under Article 19
	pages*	
	1000, 1000,	
	the drawings:	
		as originally filed/furnished
	pages*	
3.	the sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Solution The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets the sequence listing (specify): any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	·
4.	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated (Rule 70.2(c)). the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets the sequence listing (specify): any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	ated in the Supplemental Box
* If iter	m 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/KR2004/002037

Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-8	YES
	Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-8	YES
	Claims		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	
	Claims	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

- 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)
 - 1. Reference is made to the following document:

D1: KR 1999-47851 A D2: KR 2000-21804 A D3: KR 2002-74791 A

- 2. D1-D3 are regarded as being the closest prior art to the present invention. D2-D3 were not cited in the ISR.
- 3. The present invention relates to a photocurable and antistatic resin composition for coating an optical fiber, comprising (A) a photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer, (B) a reactive monomer having at least one (meth)acrylate or vinyl group, (C) a photoinitiator, and (D) an antistatic agent compatible with the oligomer and the monomer, wherein the photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer (A) is derived from an urethane reaction of a mixture comprising (i) a polyol copolymer mixed with a sorbitan fatty acid ester or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester, (ii) a polyisocyanate, (iii) a hydroxy(meth)acrylate, (iv) an urethane reaction catalyst and (v) a polymerization initiator. The components (A) to (D) of the resin composition are used in amounts of 40 to 70% by weight, 15 to 50% by weight, 0.5 to 10% by weight, and 1 to 30% by weight, respectively, based on the total weight of the composition. Also the above-mentioned antistatic agent is selected from the group consisting of a non-ionic or cationic amine, a polyhydric alcohol fatty acid ester, a fatty amide, an alkyl betain and a mixture thereof.

(Continued on Supplemental Box.)

International application No.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

PCT/KR2004/002037

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of:

Box No. V

4. D1 discloses an antistatic photocurable monomer and a radiation curable resin composition containing the monomer, wherein the resin composition is used for coating various plastics to give an antistatic function to the plastics. More specifically, the antistatic photocurable resin composition comprises a photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer, acrylate monomer(as a antistatic agent) having a quaternary ammonium group, a reactive diluent(monomer) selected from the group consisting of a pentaerythritoltriacrylate(PETA), a polyethyleneglycoldiacrylate(PEGDA), etc., and a photoinitiator selected from the group consisting of a hydroxycyclohexyl phenyl ketone(Irgacure #184), a 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenyl-propan-1-on(Darocure#1173).

D2 discloses a composition hardened by ultra violet for protecting surface containing the following components of: 40–70 wt% of acrylate-based oligomer hardened by ultra violet, 1–30 wt% of reactive diluent, 0.1–10 wt% of photopolymerization initiator, 0.01–5 wt% of anti-blocking agent and 0.1–5 wt% of charged prevention agent(antistatic agent), wherein the oligomer is fatty group urethane acrylate with 6-functionality, the diluent is mono- or multi-functional acrylate-based monomer, the anti-blocking agent is liquid (meta)acrylated polysiloxanes compound or (meta)acrylated organic-transformed polysiloxanes compound and the charged prevention agent is an crylated ammonium compound.

D3 describes a resin composition for coating optical fiber ribbon, which shows increased tensile and surface-sliding properties, and reduced contraction when cured, and reduced surface friction in lamination of ribbons, as well as minimized optical loss. More-specifically, the resin composition for coating optical fiber ribbon comprises (A) 50-80 wt% of photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer, (B) 15-50 wt% of photopolymerizable monomer, (C) 3-15 wt% of photoinitiator, and (D) 0.1-5 wt% of at least one of silica type or wax type slipping agent and antifoaming agent. The photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer(A) is produced from a composition comprising (i) 5-30 wt% of polyol copolymer, (ii) 20-40 wt% of polyisocyanate, (iii) 20-35 wt% of acrylate alcohol, (iv) 0.01-1 wt% of urethane reactive catalyst, (v) 0.01-1 wt% of polymerization initiator, and (vi) 0.1-5 wt% of at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a slipping agent, an antifoaming agent and an antioxidant. (Continued on Supplemental Box.)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/KR2004/002037

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of:

5. Novelty (N)

None of all the documents disclose the photocurable and antistatic resin composition for coating an optical fiber comprising a photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer derived from an urethane reaction of a polyol copolymer mixed with a sorbitan fatty acid ester or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester according to the present invention claimed in claims 1–8.

Thus, claims 1-8 are novel under PCT Article 33(2).

6. Inventive Step (IS)

As mentioned above, D1-D3 do not individually disclose or teach or fairly suggest all of the features of the present invention claimed in claims 1-8. Furthermore, it is not considered to be obvious to a person skilled in the art to apply the knowledge of these documents, taken individually or in combination, for creating the photocurable and antistatic resin composition comprising a photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer derived from an urethane reaction of a polyol copolymer mixed with a sorbitan fatty acid ester or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester according to the present invention claimed in claims 1-8.

Therefore, the present invention claimed in claims 1-8 is considered to involve an inventive step.(Article 33(3))

7. Industrial Applicability (IA)

The present invention is considered to be industrially applicable. (Article 33(4))

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IAP20 Reside ROTVPTO 10 FEB 2006

What is claimed is:

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- 1. A photocurable and antistatic resin composition for coating an optical fiber, comprising (A) a photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer, (B) a reactive monomer having at least one (meth)acrylate or vinyl group, (C) a photoinitiator, and (D) an antistatic agent compatible with the oligomer and the monomer, wherein the photopolymerizable urethane acrylate oligomer (A) is derived from an urethane reaction of a mixture comprising (i) a polyol copolymer mixed with a sorbitan fatty acid ester or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester, (ii) a polyisocyanate, (iii) a hydroxy(meth)acrylate, (iv) an urethane reaction catalyst and (v) a polymerization initiator.
- 2. The resin composition of claim 1, wherein the components (A) to (D) are employed in amounts of 40 to 70 % by weight, 15 to 50 % by weight, 0.5 to 10 % by weight, and 1 to 30 % by weight, respectively, based on the total weight of the composition.
 - 3. The resin composition of claim 1, which further comprises (E) a pigment or dye.
 - 4. The resin composition of claim 3, wherein the pigment or dye is employed in an amount of 1 to 10 % by weight of the total resin composition.
- 5. The resin composition of claim 1, wherein the components (i) to (v) are employed in amounts of 25 to 50% by weight, 20 to 40 % by weight, 20 to 35 % by weight, 0.01 to 1 % by weight, and 0.01 to 1 % by weight,

AMENDED SHEET (ART. 34)

respectively, based on the mixture for the urethane reaction.

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- 6. The resin composition of claim 1, wherein the sorbitan fatty acid ester is selected from the group consisting of sorbitan monolaurate, sorbitan monopalmitate, sorbitan monostearate, sorbitan tristearate, sorbitan monooleate, sorbitan sesquioleate, sorbitan trioleate, and a mixture thereof.
- 7. The resin composition of claim 1, wherein the sorbitan fatty acid ester is employed in an amount of 1 to 5 % by weight of the polyol polymer.
 - 8. The resin composition of claim 1, wherein the antistatic agent is selected from the group consisting of a non-ionic or cationic amine, a polyhydric alcohol fatty acid ester, a fatty amide, an alkyl betain and a mixture thereof.

AMENDED SHEET (ART. 34)